

Mexican bank notes 17 1/2—Mexican pesos
41—Chihuahua currency 15—Carranza
currency 7 1/2—Bar silver (Hondy & Har-
man quotations) 45—Copper 25 1/2 @ 26 1/2
Grains higher—Livestock steady.

LATEST NEWS BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

EL PASO, TEXAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 29, 1915.

DELIVERED ANYWHERE 60 CENTS A MONTH.

12 PAGES, TWO SECTIONS, TODAY.

WEATHER FORECAST.

El Paso and west Texas, partly cloudy;
New Mexico, fair; Arizona, fair.

THE HERALD

RUSSIA'S DRIVE INTO GALICIA

Forces Check Move On Torreón

TWO ARABES FIGHT NEAR PABELO

**Villa Plans To Strengthen
Juarez Garrison Against
Hostile Action.**

**MAY SEND 1000
MORE MEN NORTH**

**Huerta Is Escorted By Police
To Fort Bliss, Where
He Is Entertained.**

LARRIO, Texas, June 29.—There has been severe fighting for the past three days between Villa and Carranza forces at Villa Garcia, near Monterrey and Paredon, according to passengers who arrived here today from Monterrey. It was estimated that the forces were about evenly divided, there being about 5,000 on each side. Losses were said to have been heavy. The Villa forces were said to have attacked with the object of preventing a Carranza campaign against Torreón. Reports that Villa troops evacuated Saltillo on account of a food shortage there, were denied by arrivals today.

Food Scandal Investigated.
An unofficial investigation of reports that foodstuffs have been imported from Mexico, sold to the American Red Cross and sent back to Mexico for free distribution brought to light today only one case of this kind. It was learned that about a month ago a car of beans was imported from Mexico via Eagle Pass, Texas, shipped here and later purchased by the Red Cross and distributed free in Mexico.

THE GARRISON AT Juarez will be increased soon, according to Gen. Manuel Bando, who is inspecting conditions across the border. Bando has been commissioned by Gen. Villa to investigate. It is understood that Bando already has recommended that Gen. Villa send 1000 additional troops with artillery.

Revolutionary Agents Active.
Well informed persons declared today that revolutionary agents were active and estimated that an average of 100 men were crossing the border daily. These persons do not believe the Huerta incident will retard revolutionary efforts and predict that important developments will occur in Juarez soon, perhaps before the end of the week. Presumably the men crossing the border are to be mobilized at some secluded point in northern Mexico.

Gen. Huerta was escorted by local police authorities to Fort Bliss Monday evening, where he was the guest of Col. George H. Morgan at dinner.

Gen. Huerta is reported to have been notified Tuesday morning that if he left the apartment where he is staying, at the George Hotel, he would be taken to the United States officials, he would be locked up in the county jail pending his preliminary hearing.

The government officials are said to be much worried because they fear an effort will be made to take Gen. Huerta across the border and that the United States is watching him night and day will be unable to stop him.

It is said by secret service men that 25 messengers have been sent to the George Hotel during the day Monday with messages for Gen. Huerta.

More Arrests Expected.
The possibility of additional arrests of Mexican leaders by United States officials and of an early beginning of new revolutionary activity across the border were the two outstanding features of the situation here today. No developments in the case of Gen. Victoriano Huerta and Pascual Orozco were expected until they are called for trial Thursday before United States commissioner George Oliver on charges of attempting to set on foot a military expedition in violation of the United States neutrality.

Officials Being Watched.
Federal authorities would not admit that additional arrests were contemplated at this time, but it was known that a large number of prominent Mexicans are under surveillance. At least 15 former federal generals of Mexico have been seen in El Paso in the last few days.

There was apparent among some adherents of Huerta a feeling that the general's arrest by United States officials would not materially affect developments in the new revolutionary movement. Some were inclined to believe that Huerta would act in an advisory capacity rather than take an active part in any operations that might be contemplated at this time.

Arrests Expected Elsewhere.
Reports that wholesale arrests were contemplated in San Antonio and New Orleans in connection with the arrest here of Huerta and Orozco are contained in Carranza secret service reports received here. It is stated that federal authorities have been collecting

The War At a Glance

FURTHER pressure by the Teutonic armies in Galicia has resulted in important advances for them at two points, according to the German official statement. The forces of the grand duke Nicholas, which they have been pursuing to the north of Lemberg, have been driven at some points over the Galician border. The army of Gen. von Linington has forced the Russians back from the Gnila Lipa river upon which they relied from the Lemberg region northward of Galicia.

The result of the Austro-German operations northward from Lemberg was forecast to some extent in recent official reports from both sides, the Russian statements indicating continuing retreat in that region, and the Austrian of the continued advance, impeded only by the stubborn opposition from the Russian rear guard.

Small Action in West.
The German reports now say that the engagements have everywhere resulted in defeats for the Russians who, in one section, were driven over the border, fighting being reported as far north as Tomaszow in Russian Poland, which is about 50 miles northwest of Lemberg.

On the west there have been sporadic attacks by the French, who report progress through an offensive operation along the road between Amiens and Abbeville. German accounts declare all attempts by the French to gain ground were frustrated. The French concede the correctness of a recent German claim to a gain in the Vosges, but declare part of the ground lost was recaptured.

Turks Regain Allies.
The only other hints of stirring activity come from the Dardanelles where, according to Turkish reports, there has been heavy artillery firing with infrequent success which later the Turks declare they have repulsed.

On the Austro-Italian front the progress of the invading forces continues to be slow. The Austrians, indeed, report entire inactivity on the part of the Italians, except for artillery firing.

ARTISTS IN JUNCTION SUIT

Jury Refuses to Close Cactus Club Bar; Cups and Trophies Shown.
The jury in the injunction suit brought by the state against the Cactus club and A. H. Woods, the manager, to restrain them from the sale of liquor, after hearing testimony from both sides, refused to grant the injunction. The jury found that Woods was running the place as a club or individually, and the other, whether the alleged sale of liquor to the club, as an organization, was bona fide. The jury found that Woods was running the place as a club and he was in March, 1912, sold out to the club.

Woods on Stand.
Woods was on stand all the morning. He stated that prior to March, 1912, he ran the place individually and that he had an investment of \$2000 in the place. He was not in the place until March 1, 1912, he sold out to the club, but the transaction was not put in writing until November, 1912. He received in the transaction \$1935 and the club assumed the \$2000 indebtedness, he stated.

The battle was extended in 1912, he testified. The buffet, he stated, was not paying the running expenses of the club.

A number of cups and trophies were exhibited to show that the club conducts bowling tournaments. Various newspaper clippings of tournament results were also shown.

The state was represented by W. W. Rogers, while the defense was represented by W. H. Ware.

EL PASO'S BABY GIRL DIES UP AT CLOUDCROFT
Alamogordo, N. M., June 29.—Virginia, the baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Tomlinson, of El Paso, died last night at Cloudcroft. The body will be taken to El Paso on train No. 7 today for interment. Mr. Tomlinson is signal supervisor of the E. P. & S. W. system.

1,500,000 CHILDREN ATTEND
St. Paul, Minn., June 29.—The U. S. of Catholic schools for the instruction of the Catholic youth was emphasized today by the most Rev. John Ireland, archbishop of St. Paul, in his address of welcome to the delegates at the first general session of the Catholic Educational association's 12th annual convention.

REBEL FORCES VAINLY
Cape Haitien, Haiti, June 29.—Rebel forces commanded by Dr. R. Bobo, who is trying to overthrow the government of President Guillaume, attacked Fort Pierre Michel Monday without result. The gunboat Pacific during the day bombarded Petite Anse, where the rebels had taken refuge.

PAY FOR "FIVE" IS U. S. REQUEST

Note to Germany Disputes Claims of Germany For Prize Court Hearing.

Washington, D. C., June 29.—A note from the United States to Germany, urging payment for the American ship William P. Frye, sunk with her cargo of wheat by the German commerce raider Prinz Eitel Friedrich, has been transmitted to the Berlin foreign office. The note was sent on June 24 and delivered last Saturday afternoon. It asks Germany to reconsider her refusal to settle by direct diplomatic instead of by prize court proceedings. Principal paragraphs from the note follow:

Tried to Overthrow Cargo.
"In this case the admitted facts show that pursuant to orders from the commander of the German cruiser, the master of the Frye undertook to throw overboard the cargo of that vessel, but before the work of delivering out the cargo was finished, the vessel with the cargo was sunk by order of the German commander."

"For these reasons, even if it be assumed as your excellency has done, that the cargo was contributed to the destruction of the vessel, the provisions of article 13 does not seem to be well founded. The government of the United States has not thought it necessary in the discussion of this case to go into the question of contributory negligence on the part of the cargo."

No Justification for Act.
"The imperial German government has admitted the actual facts makes no difference so far as its liability for damages is concerned, and the result is the same so far as the justification for the sinking of the vessel is concerned. As shown above, if we assume that the cargo was contributory, the master of the ship should have been allowed to deliver it out, and the vessel should have been allowed to proceed on her voyage."

Reparation necessarily includes an indemnity for the actual pecuniary loss sustained, and the government of the United States takes this opportunity to assure the imperial German government that the indemnity should be promptly paid, will be accepted at satisfactory reparation, but it does not rest with a prize court to determine what reparation would be satisfactory to the government of the United States.

Your excellency states in your note of June 7 that in the event the prize court should not grant indemnity in accordance with the provisions of the treaty, the German government would not hesitate to arrange for equitable indemnity, but it is a question of the government of the United States should be satisfied with the amount of the indemnity and it would seem to be more appropriate and convenient that an arrangement for equitable indemnity should be agreed upon now, rather than later. The decision of the prize court, even if it should be in favor of the United States, would not be binding or conclusive on the government of the United States.

The government of the United States also disavows the view expressed in your note that there would be no foundation for a claim of the American government unless the prize court should not grant indemnity in accordance with the provisions of the treaty. The American government is for an indemnity for a violation of a treaty, in distinction from an indemnity for a violation of the treaty, and therefore is a matter for adjustment by direct diplomatic discussion between the two governments, and is in no way dependent upon the action of a German prize court.

MEYER-GERHARD DECLARES AMERICAN PRESS UNNEUTRAL
Berlin, Germany, June 29.—"It is true," declared Meyer-Gerhard, in an article published here today, "that the American press, with the exception of the German-American papers, has not succeeded in remaining neutral, but the influence of the press upon public opinion is sometimes greatly overestimated. Doubtless large sections of the American people are friendly toward Germany, whose efficient organization is daily winning new friends and increasing interest in things German."

"One excellent effect of the war is upon German-Americans who, without sacrifice of their loyalty to their adopted country, have shown strong sympathy for the land of their fathers, their education and their culture."

GERMAN LEADERS BELIEVE RUMANIA WILL BE NEUTRAL
Berlin, Germany, June 29.—Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German imperial chancellor, and Gottlieb von Jagow, the German foreign minister, returned to Berlin today from Vienna, where they had been in conference with the leading statesmen of Austria-Hungary. Both think Rumania will remain neutral.

NEW ZEALAND WILL FORM NATIONAL MINISTRY OF WAR
Wellington, N. Z., June 29.—Premier W. F. Massey announced in parliament today that the New Zealand government was preparing to form a national ministry until the close of the war, with a view to concentrating the whole energies of the country upon the prosecution of hostilities.

EUROPE STILL CONTINUES CRUELITIES

Thousands of Jews Die For Country, But Persecutions Continue, Is Claim.

RABBIS HEAR OF DANGER TO RACE
United States Should Help Stop War By Refusing Exports, Is Declared.

CHARLEVILLE, MICH., June 29.—The fate of one half the Jews of the world is trembling in the balance as the result of the great war in Europe, according to rabbi Moses J. Gries, of Cleveland, president of the Central Conference of American rabbis, who addressed its 26th convention here today.

"A crisis impends for Israel," said rabbi Gries. "The 1,000,000 Jews of eastern Europe are buffeted from persecutor to oppressor. Is it the beginning of a new epoch in the Jewish history?"

"Jews suffer cruelty intensified," said rabbi Gries. "All mankind has been made a witness to religious misery and sorrow. Galicia and Poland suffer equal tragedy, but the world either sees nor hears. Millions of Jews always in want and in wretchedness, now experiencing cruelty intensified hundreds of thousands are sacrificing their lives for their country, yes, even for the flag of the oppressor—and no promise of freedom is clearly spoken."

Should Quench Anti-Semitism.
"The loyal offering of life in a nation's cause should be a stimulus to anti-Semitism in Germany and Austria and kindle the light of freedom with equal human rights in Russia."

"The neutral nations seem pitifully powerless but if the United States and the other neutral nations have not the power to suppress the world disorder, they have the power to refrain from helping to prolong it."

Seals Place Submarine Blockade on Puget Sound But Will Be Dynamited
Seattle, Wash., June 29.—The state of Washington, it was announced today, has declared war against vast numbers of seals which have established a submarine blockade at the entrance to Puget Sound, killing the salmon which are seeking entrance on the way to the spawning grounds.

State fish commission launches an attack on the seals in the water and dynamite the rocks on which the seals bank in the sun. The seals are not the fur-bearing kind.

ANNAPOLIS "HONOR MAN" HELPED BACKWARD CADETS
Annapolis, Md., June 29.—Witnesses were put on the stand at the investigation of irregularities of examinations at the naval academy today, in defense of midshipman R. M. Nelson, an honor man of last year's first class and one of the seven defendants recommended for dismissal by superintendent Fullam.

With one exception they testified that they were asked to visit Nelson's home when they were found to be in danger of becoming unsatisfactory in their studies. Nelson is the midshipman, who it is said, made a practice of coaching backward students.

EXPORTS FROM U. S. SHOW SUDDEN DECLINE
Washington, D. C., June 29.—Exports for the week ending June 25 fell to \$11,000,000 and the trade balance in favor of the United States dropped to \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 for the week, the smallest in months. Of the decrease in the balance, \$2,000,000 was due to increased imports and \$3,000,000 to decreased exports.

Officials here have not detailed further the details of the decline in exports but the presumption is that it was due to reduced exports of wheat and cotton.

ARCHBISHOP OF CHICAGO SUFFERS APPOPLECTIC STROKE
Rochester, N. Y., June 29.—Archbishop James J. Connelley of Chicago, Ill. here, was reported shortly after noon today to be rapidly sinking. The prelate had been unconscious since early this morning and little hope was entertained for his recovery.

It was understood he was suffering from an apoplectic stroke.

ORDERED TO THE FRONT



EARL BRASSEY

Earl Brassey, 79 years of age, is under orders to proceed to the Dardanelles and expects to start for the front within the next week. He is an authority on naval matters and a statesman of importance in England. He has been engaged on a hospital ship making weekly trips from England to France, taking stores and repatriating wounded soldiers.

The aged peer is well known in this country as a yachtsman and was arrested at Kiel in Germany at the outbreak of the war and accused of being a spy. The Kaiser ordered his release and apologetic. The two have been great friends for years.

EL PASO BANKER SAYS THAW WAS NEVER INSANE

Villistas Force R. H. Sims, R. A. Myer to Pay \$600; Massacre Threatened.

Douglas, Ariz., June 29.—A dispatch from Nogales says a delayed report which reached there Monday night stated that five Mexican soldiers, claiming to belong to the command of Alberto Garcia, of the Villa faction, entered the Archangel mining camp south of Cumpa, Sonora, and forced R. H. Sims, a banker of El Paso, and Ralph A. Myer, a mining engineer, to pay \$600 ransom to save their lives. The soldiers, it is stated, demanded \$1000 but compromised on \$600 when the Americans proved that they did not have the former amount. An attempt to enter the room of Mrs. Sims was given up when the two Americans showed fight.

After the money had been extorted a meeting was held in the place. It was addressed by Alberto Duarte, a leader of a band, which is said to have fixed July 9 as the date for massacring all foreigners in the territory controlled by Gov. Jose Mayorena, Villa commander in Sonora.

R. H. Sims is secretary of the Commercial Loan and Mortgage company, a branch of the Commercial National bank of El Paso. He left here with Mrs. Sims in their auto six weeks ago for the Monte Throno. Mining company's property below Nogales, Sonora, on a business trip. Mr. Sims was formerly receiver of the Las Cruces land office.

FITZGERALD COMMITTEE OPENS 70 MILE CANAL

Grand Junction, Colo., June 29.—The high line canal, 70 miles long, which will irrigate more than 50,000 acres of governing arid land in Utah, was opened today. John J. Fitzgerald, chairman of the house appropriation committee, pulled the lever which set in motion electrical machinery that opened the handgates from Grand river.

The house appropriations committee, together with a large number of other government officials and citizens, witnessed the ceremony. The canal was constructed in four years, at a cost of approximately \$2,000,000.

Teutonic Armies Force Way North From Lemberg Into Czar's Land.

RUSSIANS STILL FALLING BACK

London Hears Muscovites Have Reformed Lines Near Gnila Lipa.

BERLIN, Germany, June 29.—The official statement given out today by the German army staff headquarters announces that to the north of Lemberg, Galicia, the Austro-German forces are now on Russian territory.

Russian Center Reforming.
London, Eng., June 29.—The Russian center in Galicia is rapidly reforming near the river Gnila Lipa before Gen. von Linington's drive across the Dniester, but that retreat, in the opinion of London military critics, is almost entirely due to the battle in the Lemberg region, where the positions of the Russians made retreat inevitable. These movements have strengthened the Austro-German line and have consolidated the hold of the Teutonic forces on the regained Galician capital.

Western Battles Are Fruitless.
Fruitless fighting sums up the operations along the western front, where even artillery shells lack victory except on the line between Arras and the sea, where bombardment of the position has been almost continuous.

Anglo-French troops on the Gallipoli peninsula are heavily bombarding the Turkish right wing without result, according to the Turkish official report, but the other side has not yet announced the conclusion of this operation.

ITALIANS ARE BOMBARDING AUSTRIAN "THERMOPILYE"

Udine, Italy, June 29.—The Italians are still bombarding Malborghetto, Austria, in the very heart of precipitous Alps, which separates Italy and Austria like a wall, in order to effect the bombardment, the Italians have had to build a special road for the transportation of artillery. The guns were transported by donkeys, and the ammunition by men and mules.

When everything was ready the Austrians bombarded the roads and made the Italian position untenable. The Italian guns, in turn, decided to bombard Malborghetto by parabolic fire and placed their batteries behind the mountains where the Austrians could not see them.

With the assistance of signallers on top of the mountain, the Italian guns shot at the position. The first shot fell 500 yards wide, but the second went very near and struck what the Italians call Austria's Thermopylae. The king shook hands with the officer directing the gunnery and he was also warmly congratulated by the British officers.

TURKEY DECIDES TO EXPEL U. S. EMBASSY ATTACHES

Amsterdam, Holland, June 29.—The Turkish government has decided to expel all attachés of the United States which are attached to embassies of the United States and Italy. Turkey is not at war with Italy. Turkey's action is in reprisal for the expulsion by the British government of Turkish officials who remained in London as spectators of the archives of the Turkish embassy, according to a dispatch from Constantinople.

As regards the United States, it is understood that the order refers to officials who formerly were attached to embassies of hostile countries, but who were taken in by the American embassy when the United States assumed charge of their interests in Turkey.

CANADIAN PREMIER GOES TO ENGLAND FOR CONFERENCE

Ottawa, Ont., June 29.—War timeing, command of the Canadian troops and the manufacture of shells in Canada will be discussed, with members of the British government, by Sir Robert L. Borden, prime minister of Canada, who left here Monday for New York to take part in the London conference. He will be away from Canada for two months.

WEST TEXAS STORM KILLS TWO

BIG SPRINGS, Tex., June 29.—Tahoka, 90 miles north of here, was visited by a terrific wind and hail storm last night. Two women were killed, several were injured and a number of houses were unroofed. The storm was quite general in this section of Texas and follows a long dry spell. The ranges were beginning to need rain very badly.

Man With Sense of Humor As Gen. Huerta Cannot Be Kept Down